Bartlemas Human Bone

Charnel Pit 1: (1026)

Charne	PIT 1: (1026)	
1026/1(a)	R femur complete but	Rickets A/P bowing; drill holes in femoral neck and distal
	greater trochanter damage	articular surface; very pronounced linea aspera and striated
		new bone on posterior surface below it
1026/1(b)	L femur complete but with	Rickets A/P bowing; drill holes in femoral neck and distal
	greater trochanter damage	articular surface
1026/1(c)	R proximal tibia (75%)	Rickets; drill holes in proximal and distal articular
	_	surfaces; M/L bowing
1026/1(d)	L tibial shaft (65%)	Rickets M/L bowing
1026/2(a)	R distal femur (90%)	Very gracile
1026/2(b)	L femur (missing trochanter)	Very gracile
1026/3(a)	R proximal femur (75%)	
1026/3(b)	L femur complete	395 mm; enthesopathy for medial head of gastrocnemius
1026/4	Complete L tibia	370 mm in length
1026/5	Complete L tibia	Gracile, 321 mm in length; ? recently fused; slight lamellar
		bone deposition in middle third on lateral surface
1026/6(a)	L humerus (damaged head)	Deep depressions above distal articular surfaces bilaterally
1026/6(b)	R humerus complete	
1026/7	L humerus (damaged head)	
1026/8	R tibial shaft (80%) with	Gracile and from a young adult (proximal recently fused).
	proximal and distal ends/	Striated lamellar bone in distal third of medial surface and
	shaft fragments	mid-third of lateral surface (slight)
1026/9	R clavicle	Fracture of distal end
1026/10	R clavicle	Gracile and light in colour with porosity of lateral articular
		surface and disruption of the bone laterally
		suggesting trauma to acromioclavicular joint. Flattening of
		anterior aspect of bone medially
1026/11	L clavicle	Copper staining on anterior aspect; L 159mm (M); slight
		deltoid enthesopathy
1026/12	R scapula	Eburnation, porosity and osteophytosis (3) of
		acromioclavicular joint indicative of osteoarthritis.
		May suggest traumatic subluxation at that joint.
		Enthesopathy just inferior to glenoid and labrum (1)
		posteriorly. Robust individual
1026/13	L os coxa (ilium and	From a very gracile young adult, ? F
	ischium);	(iliac crest recently fused)
	10 R rib fragments, 10 left	
	rib fragments;	
	20 miscellaneous rib	
	fragments	

Charnel Pit 2

0		
1007	L femur (proximal	
	third), 7 femoral	
	fragments,	
	L ulna (proximal	
	half), L radius	

	(marrimal half)	T
	(proximal half), L rib shaft and four	
	other fragments, 2	
	tibial	
	condyles, neural arch	
	fragment	
1007	L humeral shaft	Proximal end shows canid grawing;
1007	(missing both ends)	Just above deltoid are 5 score marks from rodent gnawing.
	(massing court mas)	Suggests bone was lying around on surface not buried
1007	L tibia and ?L fibula	Extremely severe periosteal reactions on both tibial and fibular
	shafts	shafts. On the tibia it is mainly lateral and posterior but on the
		fibula all three surfaces are affected equally
1015/1(a)	R femur complete	Poirier's facet; marginal osteophytes (2) surrounding distal
. ,	•	articular surface
1015/1(b)	L femur complete	Allen's fossa; marginal osteophytes (1) around distal articular
	_	surface
1015/2(a)	R proximal femur (50%)	Craggy deposits of new bone along linea aspera
1015/2(b)	L proximal femur	Craggy deposits of new bone along linea aspera
1010,2(0)	(60%)	cruggy deposits of new cone diong mice deposit
1015/3	L femoral shaft	Craggy deposits of new bone along linea aspera and smooth just
	(90%)	inferior to it posteriorly, indicating severe enthesopathy; gnawing
		around femoral head fragment
1015/4	Complete left tibia	Small area of woven bone on posterior surface 1 cm in extent 60
		mm above pronounced tibialis posterior insertion
1015/5	L distal tibia (75%)	Severe periosteal reactions affecting both bones. On right it covers
	and R tibial shaft	all three surfaces, on the left mainly on medial and lateral. Left
101-11	(50%)	tibia has pronounced squatting facet.
1015/6	Distal right tibia	? from same individual as 1015/4
1015/7/	(25%)	W. 1. 1
1015/7(a)	L fibula distal (90%)	Woven on lateral aspect of shaft in distal third
1015/8(a) 1015/8(b)	R humerus complete L humerus complete	
1015/8(0)	R radius complete	Very gracile; Goodfellow and Bullough lesion on proimal end
1015/9	R radius (60%) shaft	very gracile, Goodicilow and Bullough Teston on profinal end
1015/11	L ulna complete	
1015/11	L proximal ulna	From small, gracile individual
1015/12	(40%)	Trom shan, gracie individual
1015/13	L ulna (60%)	
=====================================	proximal fragment	
1015/14	R ulna (50%) shaft	
1015/15	, ,	
1015/16	R distal fibula (10%)	Severe deposits of periosteal reactive bone on all surfaces
1015/17	Fibula shaft	Thick layers of new bone representing multiple episodes of
	fragments	chronic infection with 'candlewax' appearance
1015/18	Horse epiphysis	
1015/19	Edentulous maxilla	No evidence of leprosy. Sharp edges to nasal margins and sharp nasal spine
1015/20	R scapula	Parts of both scapulae including both glenoid cavities and
	L scapula	acromions. Small scapular fragments
1015/21	L os coxa	With shallow sciatic notch. It is very robust and probably male
1015	R and L zygomatic	
1015	L os coxa	Fragments from L os coxa from small young individual; R ossa
	2 R os coxae	coxae from 2 individuals one from older adult. 17 frags.

1015	Mandible	Canines and molars present. Robust. Male individual.	
1015	Vertebrae and sacrum	C4-7 and T1. C7 show intervertebral osteochondrosis. Also C5-	
		C7 from a gracile individual. C6 and C7 show intervertebral	
		osteochondrosis and osteophytosis. Also two lumbar vertebrae	
		with Schmorl's node and intervertebral osteochondrosis.	
		Fragments of two sacral vertebrae; neural arch fragments.	
1015	Hand bones	Five metacarpals, two proximal and one mid hand phalanges.	
		Robust capitate bone.	
1015	Foot bones	Two proximal foot phalanges and cuneiform fragment	
1015	Foot bones	Left first metatarsal fused to proximal phalanx with 'beret'	
		appearance. The bone is porous with erosions at distal end due to	
		septic arthritis due to leprosy. Also metatarsal with knife-edge	
		remodelling and distal metatarsal with porosity.	

Charnel Pit 3

Context	Bone	Comment
1034	R talus	From large individual
	R cuboid	Fragmentary
	Cranial fragment	? from frontal
	Mid hand phalanx	
	Rib fragment	? non-human
	Non-human fragment	
1034	Non-human fragment	
1034/1	L prox femur (80% inc	Very robust – femoral head diameter 52.23 mm;
	frags)	enthesopathy along linea aspera for adductors
1034/2(a)	R prox and dis femur (80%)	Greater trochanter recently fused; head absent? unfused
1034 (b)	L proximal tibia (80%)	Smooth swelling on distal lateral surface due to infection
1034 (c)	R proximal tibia (80%)	Smooth swelling latero-distally due to infection
1034 (d)	R humerus (85%)	Unfused, gracile, flattened antero-posteriorly; plaque of
		woven bone on posterior aspect superimposed on porous
		lamellar bone, swollen by infection
		Juvenile 16-18 years with chronic infection of both tibiae
		and right humerus
1034/3	Mid-shaft fibula fragment	Extensive deposits of woven bone indicating repeated
		episodes of infection

Drain east of chapel: (1053)

1053/1	L femur (trochanter and shaft fragments)	
	(30%),	
1052/2	femur mid-shaft(50%);	
1053/3	femur 3 mid-shaft fragments,	
1053/4	L distal radius (20%), L proximal radius	
	(20%) and mid-shaft fragment	
1053	R humeral head, L distal ulna (60%), 2 nd	
	metacarpal shaft, L 3 rd and 5 th	
	metacarpals,	
	pubic symphysis from young adult	
	(ventral rampart not formed);	
	rib fragment	
1053/5	Shaft fragments from R (50%) and L	Extensive lamellar bone formation, particularly
	(25%) tibia	severe on lateral surfaces
1053/7	R distal fibula (25%)	Lamellar bone formation on medial surface
		with patchy deposits superimposed on striated
		areas

Soakaway: (1054)

2 cranial fragments (L frontal and parietal),L femur	
(proximal fragment and 12 other shaft fragments), R patella,	
humeral (25% mid shaft) and humeral head fragment, R rib	
fragment; proximal hand phalanx	
L humeral shaft fragment (25%) very robust	Large cortical defect (2 cm long) in
• • • •	deltoid insertion
	Shaft thinned towards it distal end

Sk 9

Teeth: Maxilla: LI2, both Cs, LPM3 and LPM4, M1	Enamel hypoplasia of all four canines,
subadult crown; mandible both Cs, both PM3s, both M1s	possible early carious lesions on R mand
	M1 and one mandibular PM3

Cemetery soils

Context	Bone	Comment (e.g. Pathology)
Trench 1		
1000	L clavicle	Robust lateral third of clavicle with pronounced coracohumeral and Coracoclavicular attachments (area of rugosity antero-inferiorly)
1000C	L parietal, R clavicle, 2 calcanei (incomplete)	
1000D	R patella, L 1 st rib, rib shaft fragment	
1000E	Ulna Scapula Radius (? Non-human) Rib Rib	Midshaft fragment (40%) Lateral border Midshaft fragment (very dense for human – modification at distal end) Midshaft fragment
1000F	R femur (distal 25%); R tibia (distal articular surface), 5 th lumbar vertebra	Enthesopathy at insertion of gastrocnemius; very small circular area of eburnation on medial condyle.
1001	R 1 st rib frag 2 rib shaft frags Cervical vertebra? 4th 2 lumbar vertebral body fragments R 2 nd maxillary molar	Head of first rib Gracile, from young adult, endplate fused, no path Both from inferior vertebral body
1002	Cranial fragment (R frontal), neural arch fragment, cervical vertebra	From juvenile
1010	9 cranial fragments (mni 2), including left parietal, frontal (x3), temporal, left zygomatic, cervical vertebra, body fragment and 2 neural arch fragments, facet for dens, lumbar neural arch, 2 R and 1L rib heads, shaft fragments, R distal humerus (50%) and radius (10%)	
1016	Left maxilla with teeth – LP1, LP2, LM1,	Rounded nasal aperture, resorption of

	LM2, M3 lost PM	alveolar bone, calculus, periodontal
	Cervical vertebra, parietal fragment, 2 rib	disease, dental trauma
	fragments, bone fragments (8g)	discuse, definal tradifia
1019F	R radius	Proximal fragment (20%)
	? R tibia	Distal fragment (5%)
	Foot	2 proximal phalanges; 1 misc bone
		fragment
1049/1	11 cranial fragments (frontal, parietal,	4 fragments of long bone ? from fibula
1049	occipital), L distal femur, R proximal	display very severe periosteal reactions
	humerus fragment, atlas vertebra, L scapula	with spicules of bone projecting from their
	fragment, fibula fragment, rib fragments	surfaces
	Midshaft R humeral fragment	
		Area of fine microporosity just posterior to
		deltoid insertion ? cause
Trench 2		
2000	Cranial fragment, distal ulna (?L)	
2003 2006	Cranial fragment	Coniona lasion in annual a
	Right maxillary I1, left mandibular P1	Carious lesion in premolar
2034 2052	Shaft fragment ? ulna Ulna fragments (distal)	
	,	
2057	Rib midshaft fragments, thoracic vertebral	
Trench 3	fragments	
3000	R proximal radius (10%) and tibial shaft	Slight biceps enthesopathy (1) on radius
3000	fragment fractions (10%) and dotal shart	Sight biceps enthesopatity (1) on radius
3000*	Proximal hand phalanx (missing proximal	
3000	end)	
3002	2 cranial fragments, part of left maxilla	Rounding of nasal aperture and resorption
	with LI1 lost am, LI2 lost pm; LI2, LP3,	of central alveolar bone; moderate calculus
	LP4 present; mandibular RM2 and RC	on maxillary teeth and molar, considerable
	present; L 1st proximal hand phalanx	calculus on mandibular canine
3002*	2 central mandibular fragments, 3 cranial	Possible perimortal injury indicated by
	vault fragments? frontal	curvilinear edge
3003		
3005	Cranium	13 fragments including occipital (x3),
		parietal, zygomatic and frontal bones. Very
		strong muscle attachment on nuchal crest;
		L temporal with very robust mastoid
	L clavicle	suggesting male; lipping of groove
	Hand	posterior to mastoid process
	F	Midshaft fragment
	Femur P. T.	Large right scaphoid with osteophyte;
	Rib	Left 5 th metacarpal
3005*	Maxillary R canine, L m3; mandibular	Haayy buggal calculus on mavillary tooth
3005	Rm2 and ?Rm3	Heavy buccal calculus on maxillary teeth; wear minimal
3008	2 cranial vault fragments	wear iimmiai
3013	2 Gramar vaux fragmonts	
3015	C7 vertebra, cervical vertebral body	C6 shows slight intervertebral
5015	fragment, thoracic vertebral body	osteochondrosis as does the other vertebral
	Tagain, aiviaete verteerar eoag	body, thoracic vertebra has a Schmorl's
		node in its superior endplate